Make a Charm Watch using beads and Precious Metal Clay

You will need:
• PMC3 9g
• PMC Paste
• Watch face
• Moulds
• Texture mat
• Badger balm
• Snake Roller
• Drinking straw for bail
• Cutters
• Hand drill
• Fine sandpaper
• Kiln or Torch
• Stainless steel brush and burnishing tool or tumbler
• Stretch Elastic - 0.7mm
• 2mm Crimps
• Selection of beads

Charm:
Roll out a small amount of clay using your roller and spacers. Press the clay into the mould and trim off the excess. Dip a wipe out tool in some water and use it to smooth the edges.
Some charms can be left as they are, or, to make tube charms and moons,
Take a piece of straw and wrap the circle around the straw. Wrapping it all the way will create the tube shaped charms whilst wrapping it halfway will create the moon shaped charms.
Leave to dry and sand the edges.
If making flat charms or moon shaped charms, use a hand drill to drill the holes. Make sure the hole is a little larger to allow for the shrinkage of the clay.

Round coil beads:
Use a Snake roller to roll a coil approx. 2mm thick and 2-3 cms long. Run a damp paintbrush over the coil and let the clay absorb the water. (Once absorbed the clay should look opaque.)
Pick up the coil with your fingers and wrap it around a short straw creating 2-3 coils. Make sure the coils are pushed together tightly.
Smooth out any uneven areas and fill the gaps.
Leave to dry. Once dry remove the straw by holding the coil and pulling the straw away.

Heart shaped spacers:
Roll out a slab of clay using a roller and spacers
Rub some Badger Balm onto the rubber mat.
Press the clay onto the mat to create the texture. Use a Heart cutter to cut the shape. Use a paintbrush to push the clay out of the cutter if needed. Use a damp paintbrush to smooth the edges. Leave to dry and sand the edges. Use a hand drill to drill a hole in the centre of the flower making sure it is a little larger to allow for the shrinkage of the clay.

Finish, fire and burnish all your component parts for your charms- then it is time to put the watch together!

Assembling the watch strap
Measure your wrist using a piece of string and a ruler. Copy the total length onto a piece of paper to use as a guide for the length. Remember to include the width of the watchcase. Take a piece of 0.7mm x 30cm (15") stretch elastic and thread through one end of the watch. Pass the elastic through so that the watch face is in the centre of the elastic. Take both elastic ends and thread through your beads and precious metal clay charms. Continue until you have reached enough length to comfortably fit around your wrist.

Our Watch faces and Beads were supplied by Jules Gems.

Firing
A PMC kiln is the quickest way of firing multiple items. It is also the most secure when firing PMC with glass, cork clay or organic materials. The Kiln can also be used for glass fusing and enamelling.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product type</th>
<th>Temp</th>
<th>Firing time</th>
<th>Approx. Shrinkage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PMC3</td>
<td>700 C</td>
<td>10 minutes</td>
<td>10 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMC+/ Gold</td>
<td>900 C</td>
<td>10 minutes</td>
<td>15 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMC Standard</td>
<td>900 C</td>
<td>2 hours</td>
<td>30 %</td>
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Torch firing is suitable for smaller items as you need to keep the entire item heated. Once the binder has burnt off (pic right) the PMC piece will start to glow orange. This is when you start timing the sintering process.

Use your watch or clock to time two minutes. Keep the torch moving and do not get the piece too hot or it will start to melt and bubble.